



# Impact of Satellite Sea Surface Salinity Observations on ENSO Predictions from the GMAO S2S Forecast System

E. Hackert, R. Kovach, J. Marshak, A. Borovikov, A. Molod, and G. Vernieres

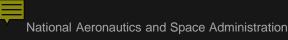




## Outline

- Methodology
- Mechanisms of SSS Improvements
- Forecast Impact on Different Phases of ENSO
- Forecast Impact of Aquarius, versus SMAP and Combined





# Seasonal Prediction System - GEOS S2S Version 2

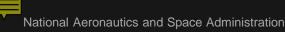
### Coupled Model (Sub-seasonal to Seasonal Prediction System)

- Same as NASA's current contribution to North American Multi-Model Ensemble (NMME)
- OGCM: MOM5, ~0.5°, 40 levels
- AGCM: Similar to MERRA-2, ~0.5°, 72 hybrid sigma/pressure levels
- Ice Model: CICE-4.0

### **Coupling Techniques**

- Forecast, ocean observer, and analysis is applied every 5 days using intermittent replay, 18 hour IAU
- Atmosphere is "replayed" to like MERRA-2 like atmosphere





## **Seasonal Prediction System - GEOS S2S Version 2**

### Ocean Data Assimilation System

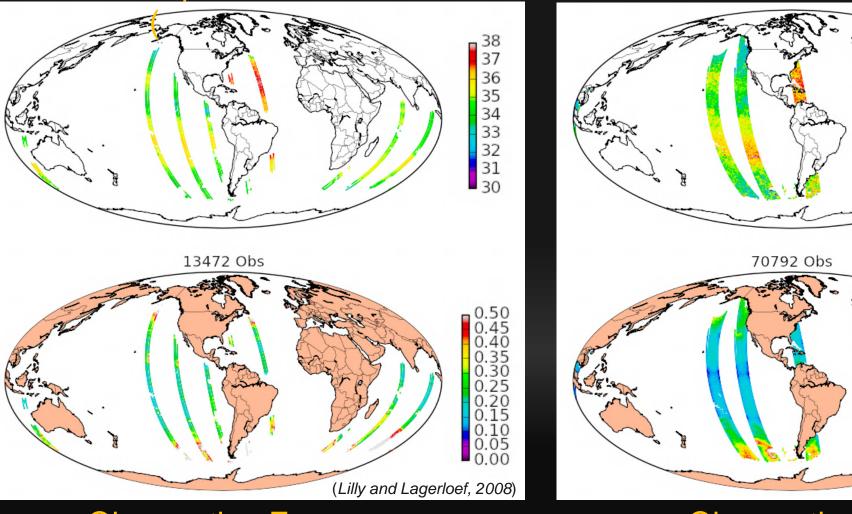
- LETKF assimilation (similar to Penny et al, 2013)
- ODAS ensemble members monthly averaged anomalies of 20 years of freely coupled experiment re-centered around the background

### **Observations**

- Strong relaxation of SST and sea ice fraction to observations
- Assimilation of in situ  $T_z$  and  $S_z$  (including Argo, XBT, CTD, tropical moorings)
- Assimilation of satellite along-track sea level (T/P, Jason, Saral, ERS, GEOSAT, HY-2A, CryoSat-2, Sentinel)
- Note that the current system neither relaxes to nor assimilates observed SSS (but does replay to MERRA2 precipitation)
- S2S has been modified to assimilate Level 2 SSS from Aquarius (V5) and SMAP (V4) (now running as an ensemble of near-real time S2S system)



# SMAP V4



### **Observation Error**

### **Observation Error**





38

37

36

35

34

0.8

0.6

0.4

0.2

0.0

(Fore et al., 2016)



# **Mechanisms of SSS Improvements**

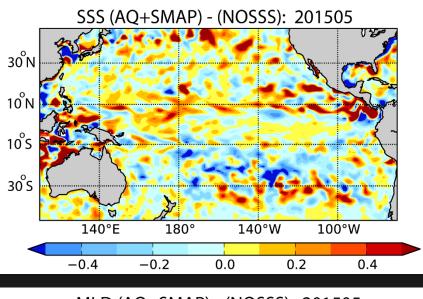
- NO SSS = GMAO production system (S2S-v2.1) with no SSS assimilation
- AQ+SMAP = assimilates all available Aquarius V5 and SMAP V4 SSS

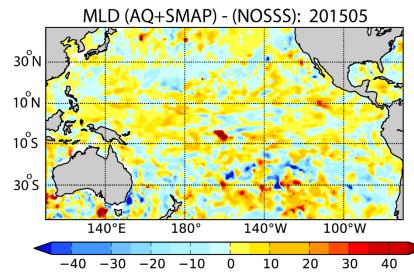
# Show AQ+SMAP minus NO SSS to highlight impact of SSS assimilation.

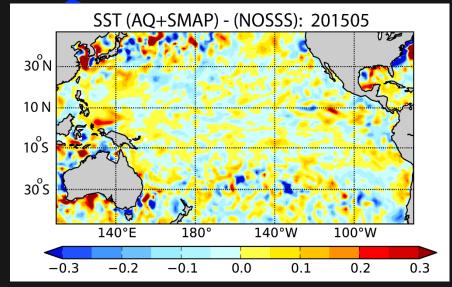


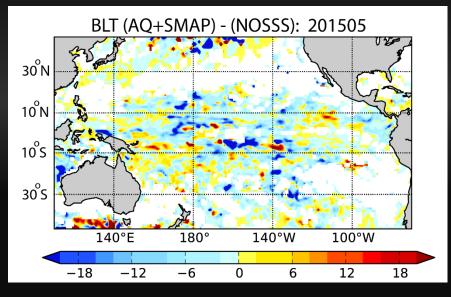
## **Mechanisms of SSS Improvements**









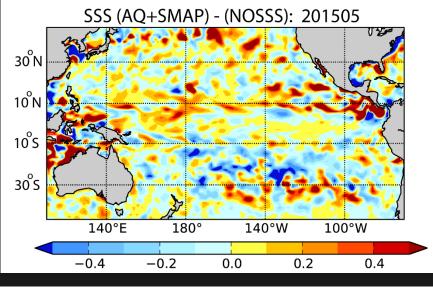


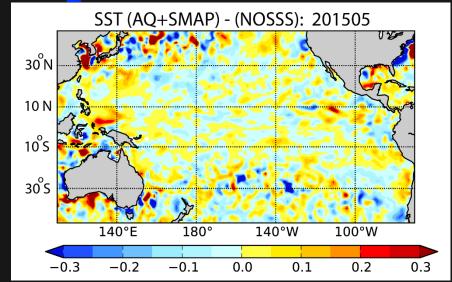
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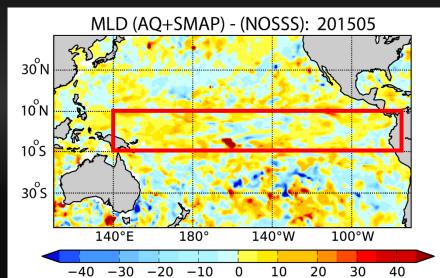
## **Mechanisms of SSS Improvements**

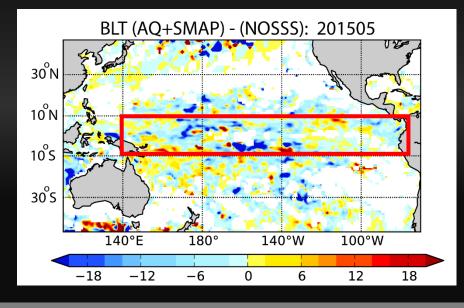








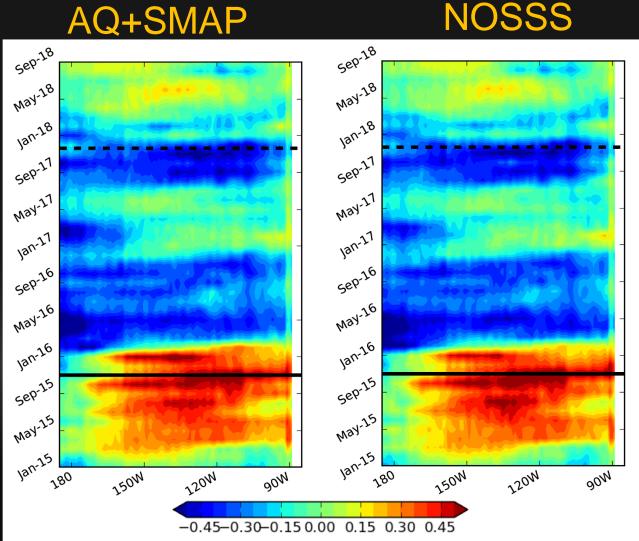








### Kelvin Wave Amplitude NOSSS

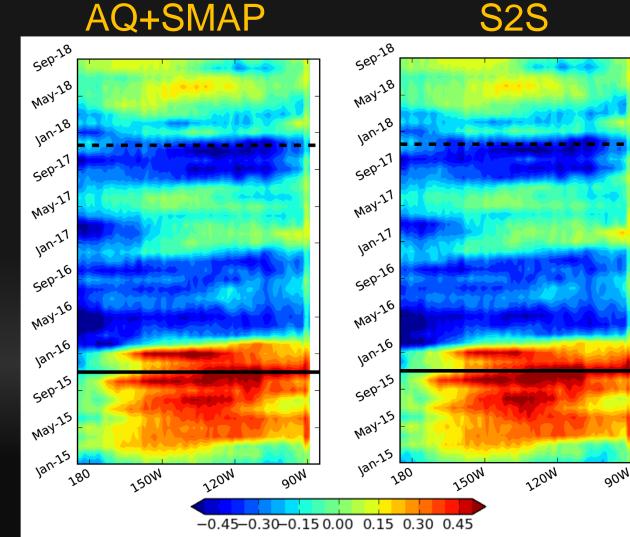


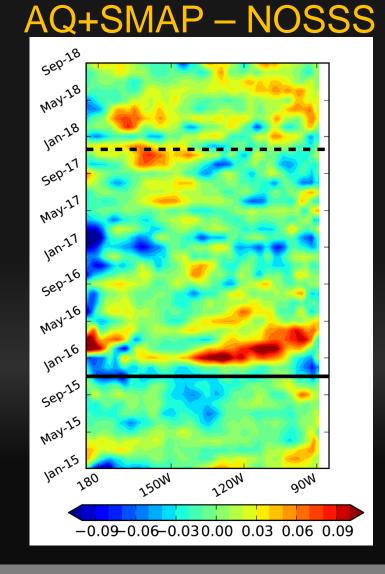




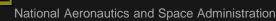
# **Kelvin Wave Amplitude**

### AQ+SMAP





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# Impact of SSS Assimilation on Different Phases of ENSO

### Forecasts:

- Apr 2015: Big El Nino
- May 2017: La Nina
- Apr 2018: Weak El Nino?

Use NINO3.4 SST Anomaly (Reynolds et al., 2002) as observations

# No SSS (S2S) AQ+SMAP

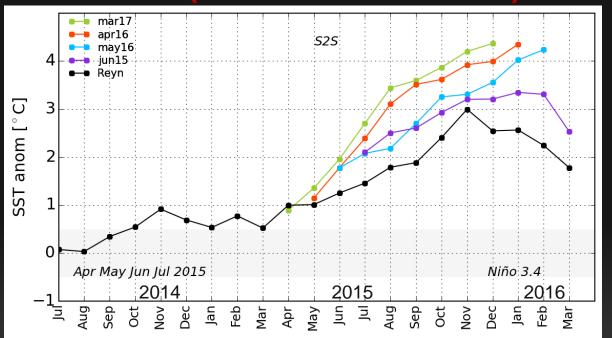


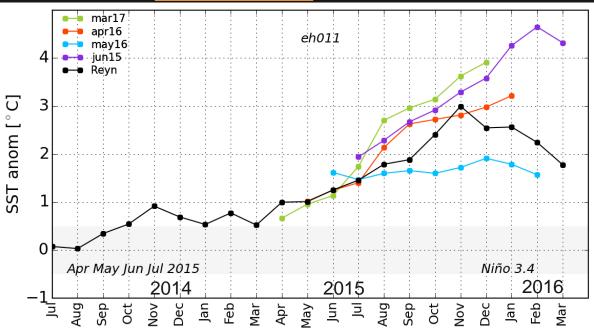


# Big El Nino – Mar, Apr, May, Jun, 2015

### **S2S (No SSS Assimilation)**

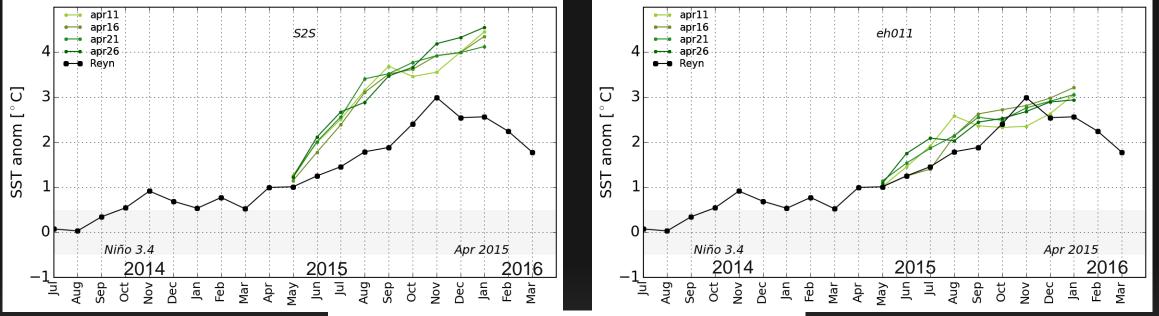
### **AQ+SMAP** Assimilation

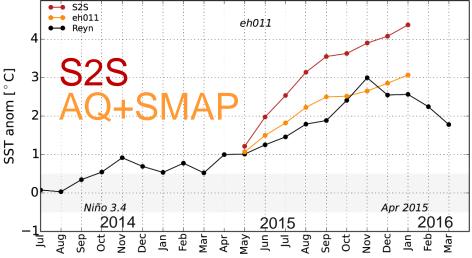






### <sup>nistration</sup> Big El Nino – Apr 2015 (No SSS Assimilation) <u>AQ+SMAP</u> Assimilation





GMAO

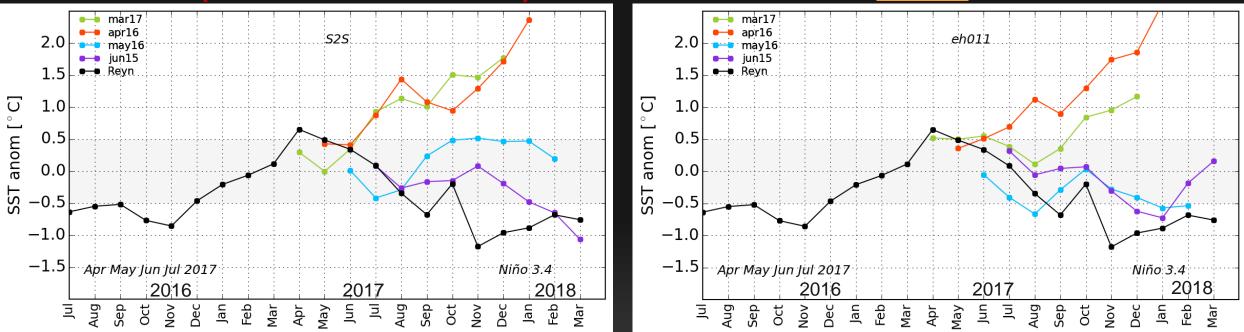
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# La Nina – Mar, Apr, May, Jun 2017

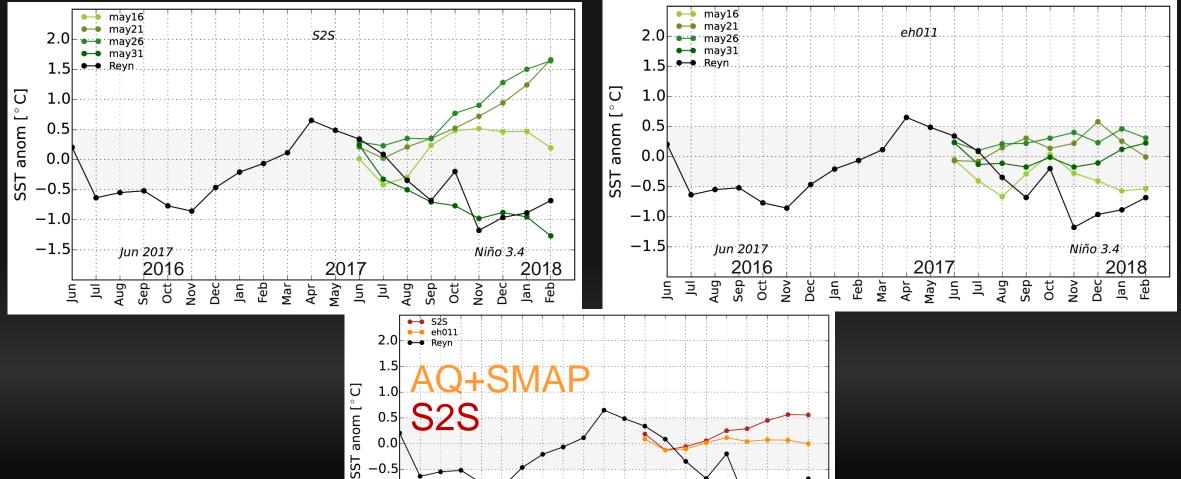
### S2S (No SSS Assimilation)

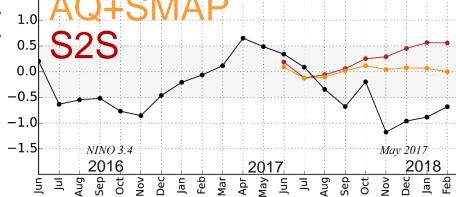
### AQ+<u>SMAP</u> Assimilation





#### La Nina –May 2017 S2S (No SSS Assimilation) **AQ+SMAP** Assimilation





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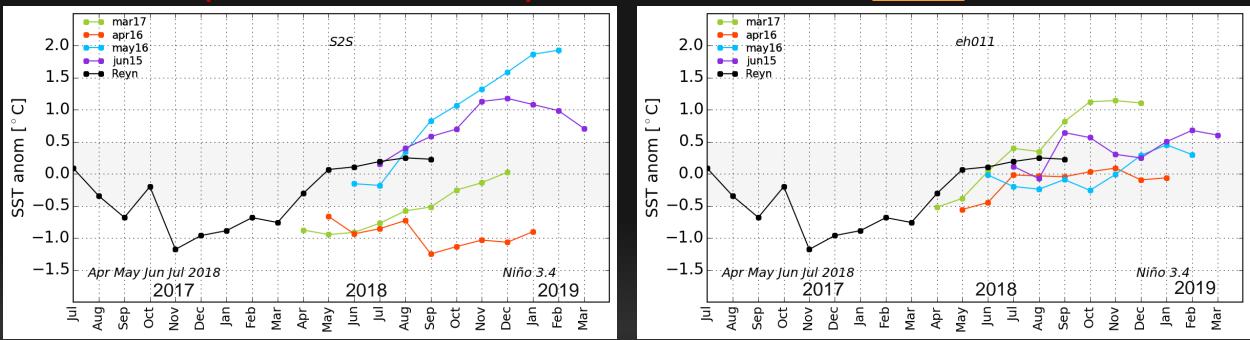




# Weak El Nino? – Mar, Apr, May, Jun 2018

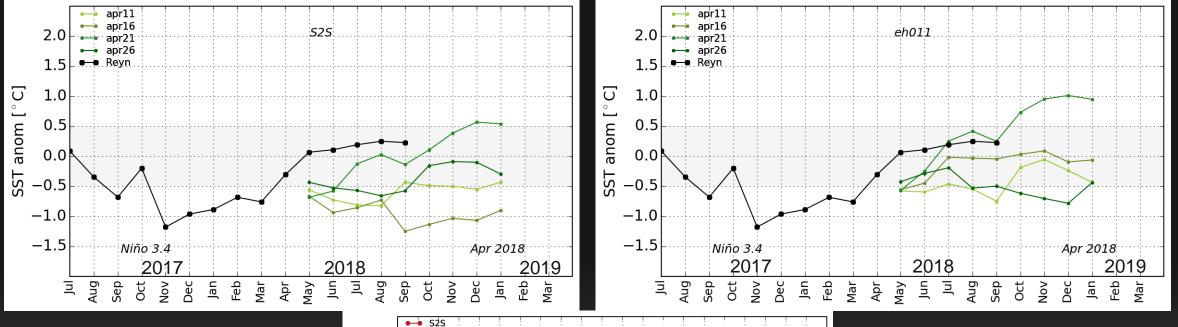
### S2S (No SSS Assimilation)

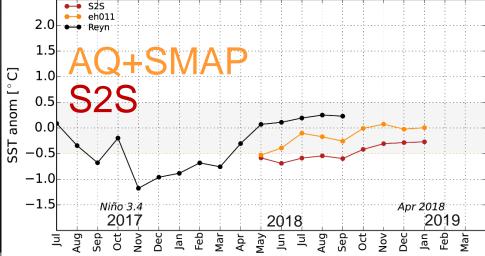
### AQ+<u>SMAP</u> Assimilation





### No SSS Assimilation) Weak El Nino? – Apr 2018 AQ+SMAP Assimilation





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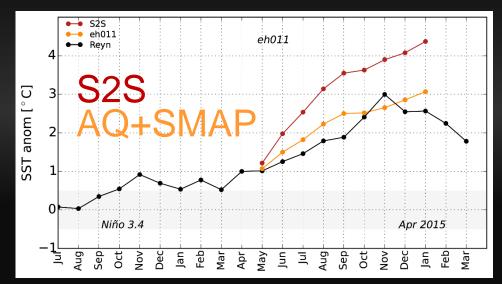
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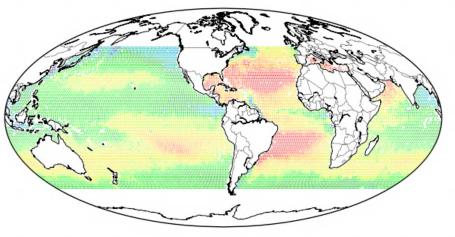
# **Preliminary Results**

- Deeper MLD due to satellite SSS assimilation acts to dampen ENSO
- Leading to improved ENSO forecasts for both El Nino (2015, 2018) and La Nina (2017)

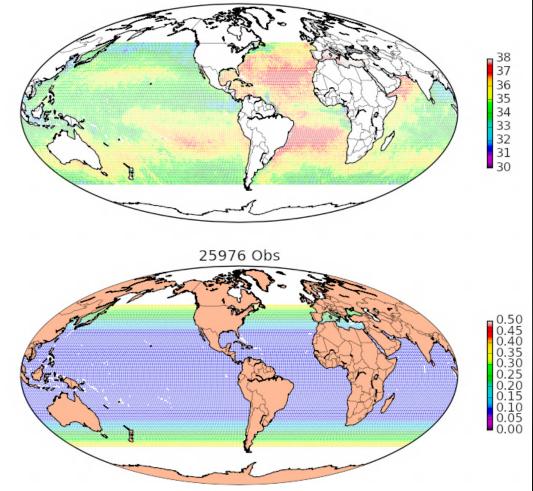
Best example is 2015 when both Aquarius and SMAP were available – so what is the impact of multiple SSS satellites?



#### Administration Satellite SSS Assimilation Data Aquarius V5 SMAP V4



- Assimilate gridded fields of Aquarius V5 and SMAP V4
- Example of May 2015 (Big El Nino)



(Lilly and Lagerloef, 2008, Fore et al., 2016)

### **Observation Error**



NASA



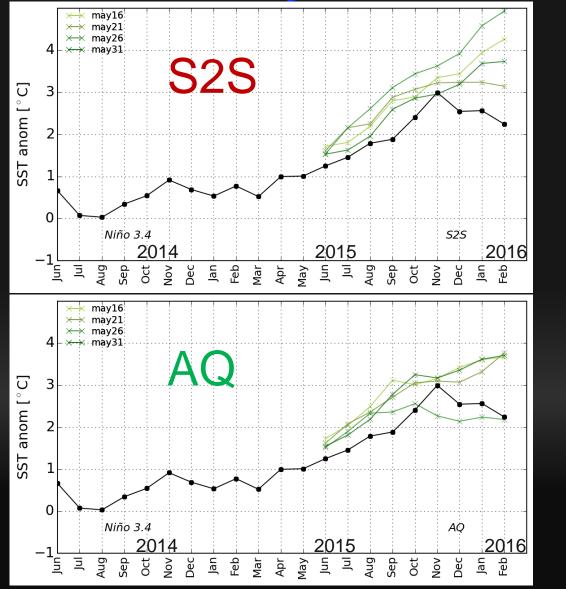
# **Forecast Impact of Aquarius Versus SMAP**

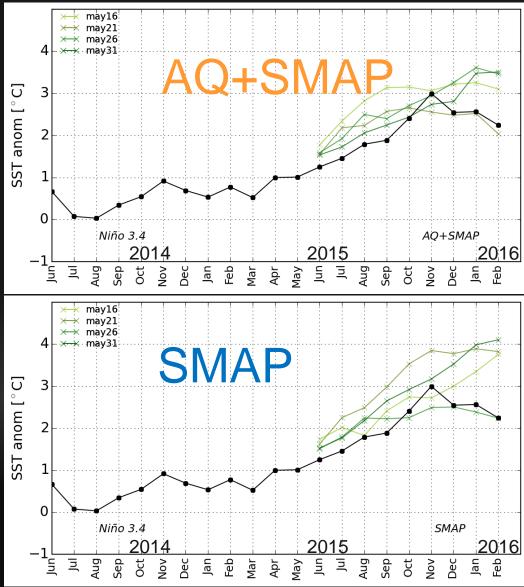
## May 2015: El Nino: May 16, 21, 26, 31 • No SSS

- AQ+SMAP
- AQ
- SMAP



## May 2015 El Nino Forecasts



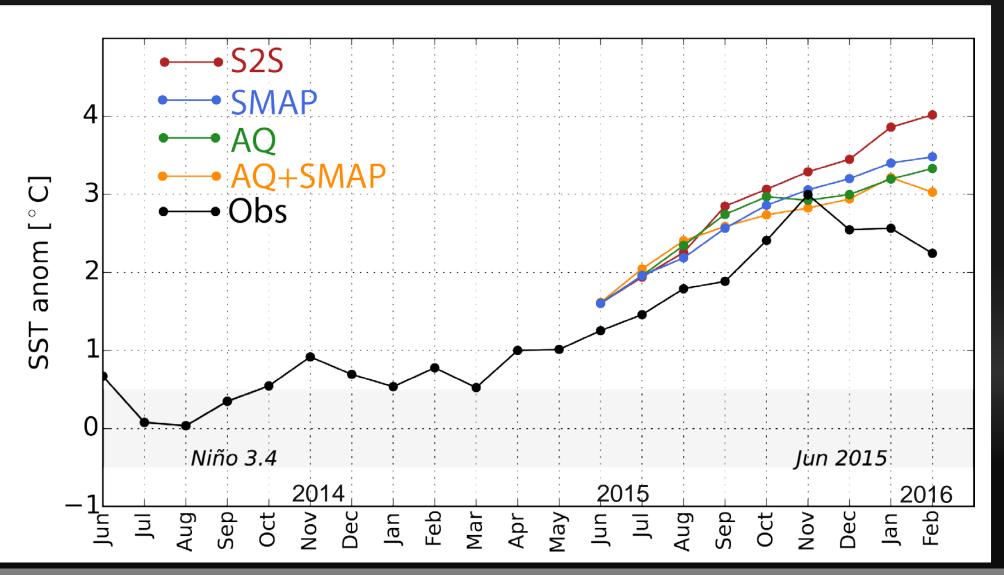


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# National Aeronautics and Space Administration May 2015 El Nino Forecasts – Ensemble Mean



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- Assimilation of SSS leads to density changes near the surface -> deepens MLD and shoals the BLT
- Deeper MLD acts to dampen ENSO signal
- Since S2S ENSO is generally too strong, assimilating SSS leads to (mostly) improved ENSO forecasts
- For the short overlapping period of Aquarius and SMAP (Mar Jun 2015)
- a) Any assimilation of SSS improves El Nino forecast
- b) Aquarius combined with SMAP produces best El Nino forecast



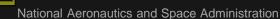


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# Assessment of Sea Surface Salinity Products Using a Coupled ENSO Prediction Model

# Thank You

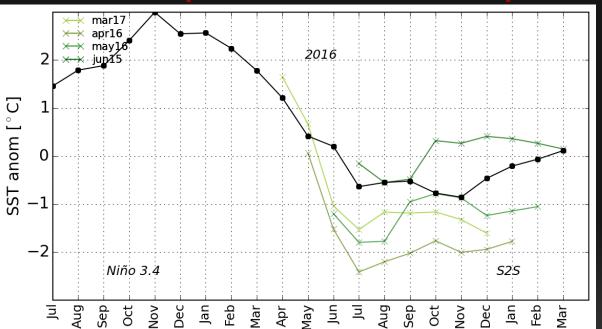




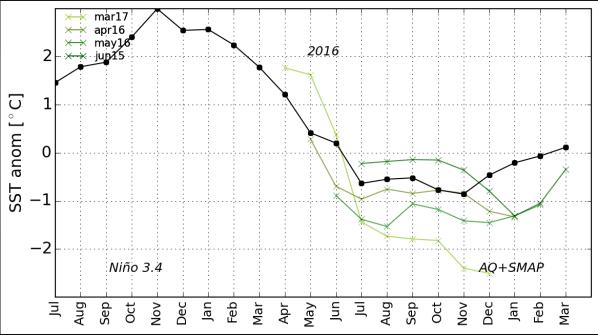


# Weak La Nina – Mar, Apr, May, Jun, 2016

### S2S (No SSS Assimilation)

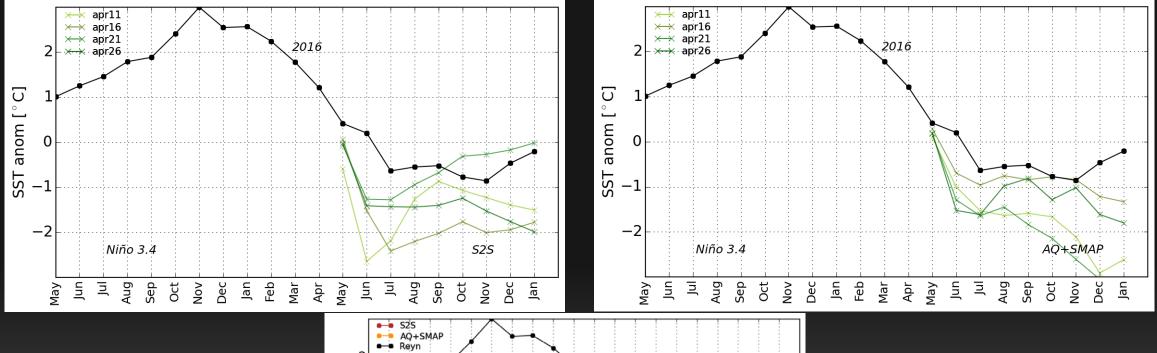


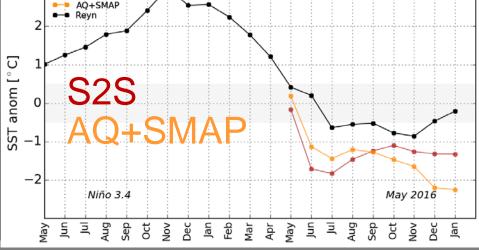
### AQ+SMAP Assimilation



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# nistration Weak La Nina Apr 2016 (No SSS Assimilation) AQ+SMAP Assimilation





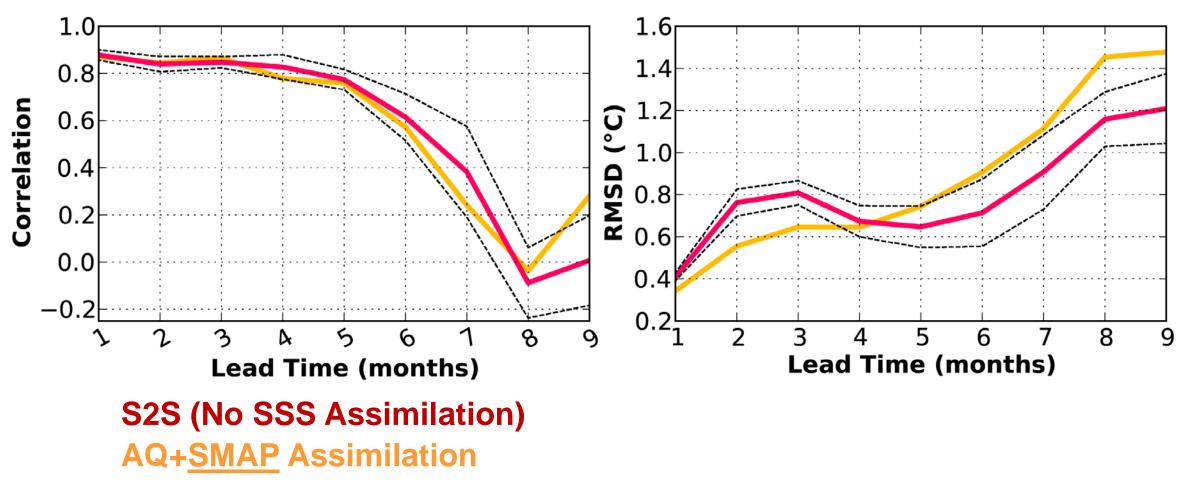
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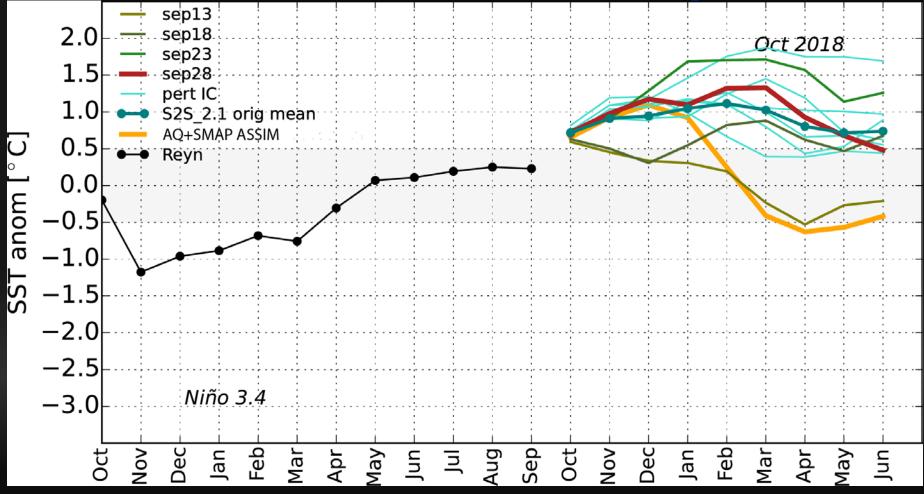
# Validation Statistics – 1/17-1/18

### Forecast NINO3.4 SST' Versus Observations









### S2S (No SSS Assimilation)

### AQ+<u>SMAP</u> Assimilation

